

Studies on Diffusion and Transport in TM5

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Diffusion and transport in TM5

What will be presented here:

- Comparisons:²²²RN transport simulations and observations features of the seasonal diurnal cycle
- BLH: Simulated and observed BL at Cabauw
- Snapshots of diffusions experiments run with TM5

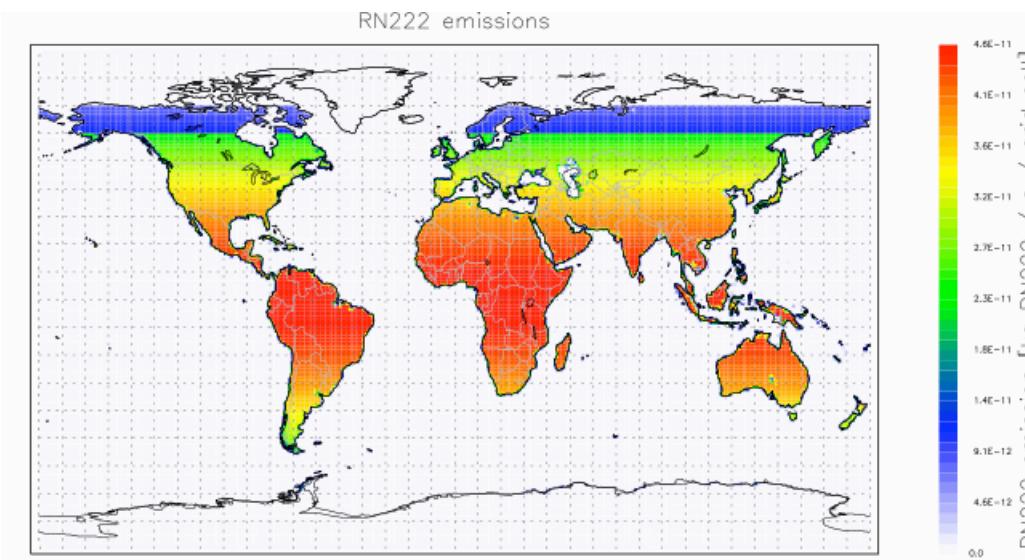
Characteristics:

- TM5 v25 – 25 vertical layers

Year 2005

Global domain 6x4 deg + zoom over Europe (3x2 and 1x1 deg)

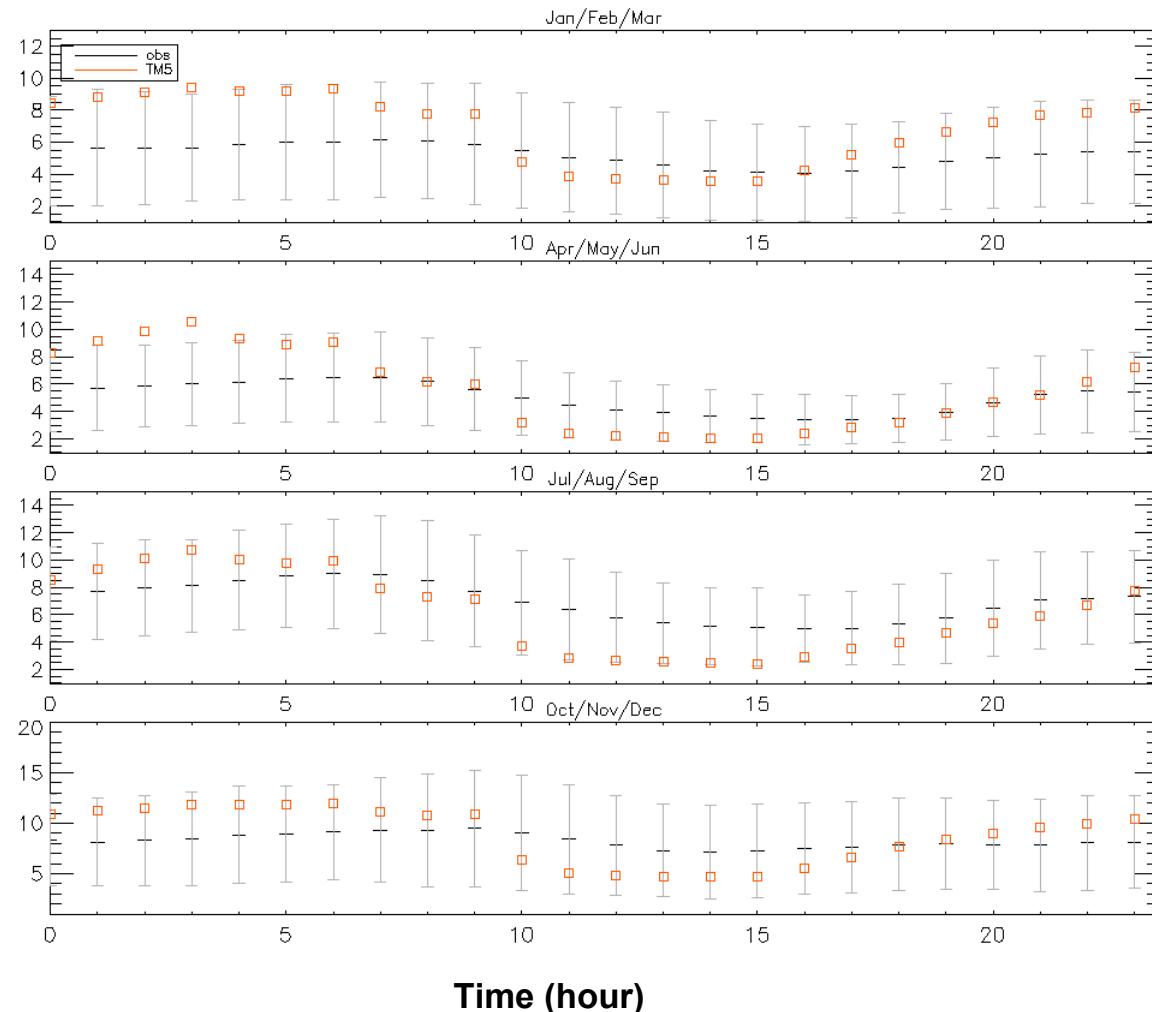
222RN inventory: standard



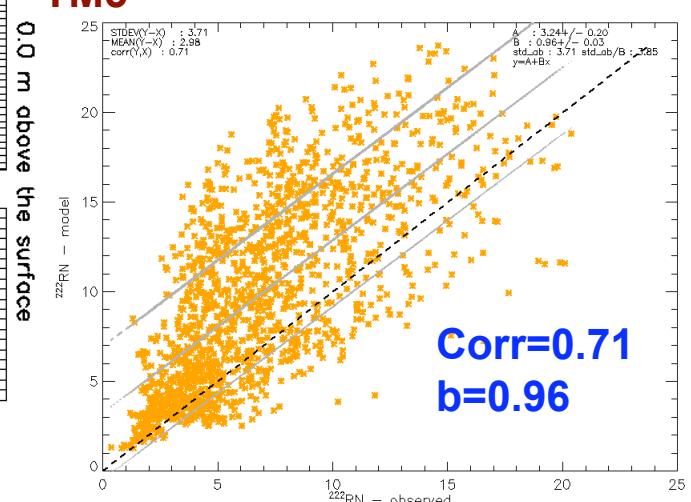
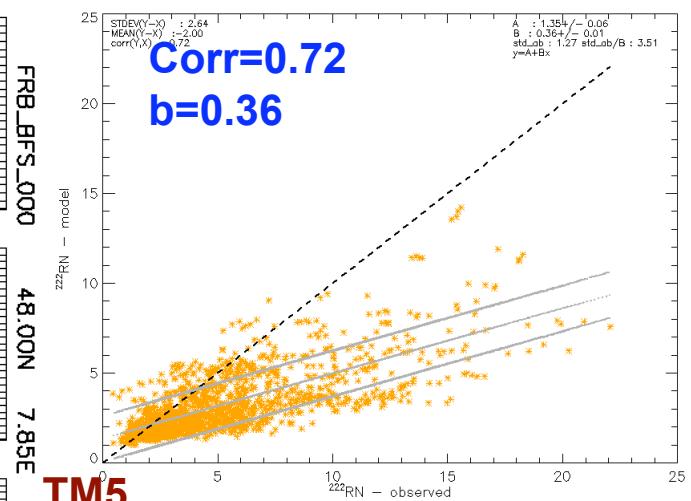
- Locations here considered:

**Freiburg
Saclay
Milan**

²²²RN diurnal cycle

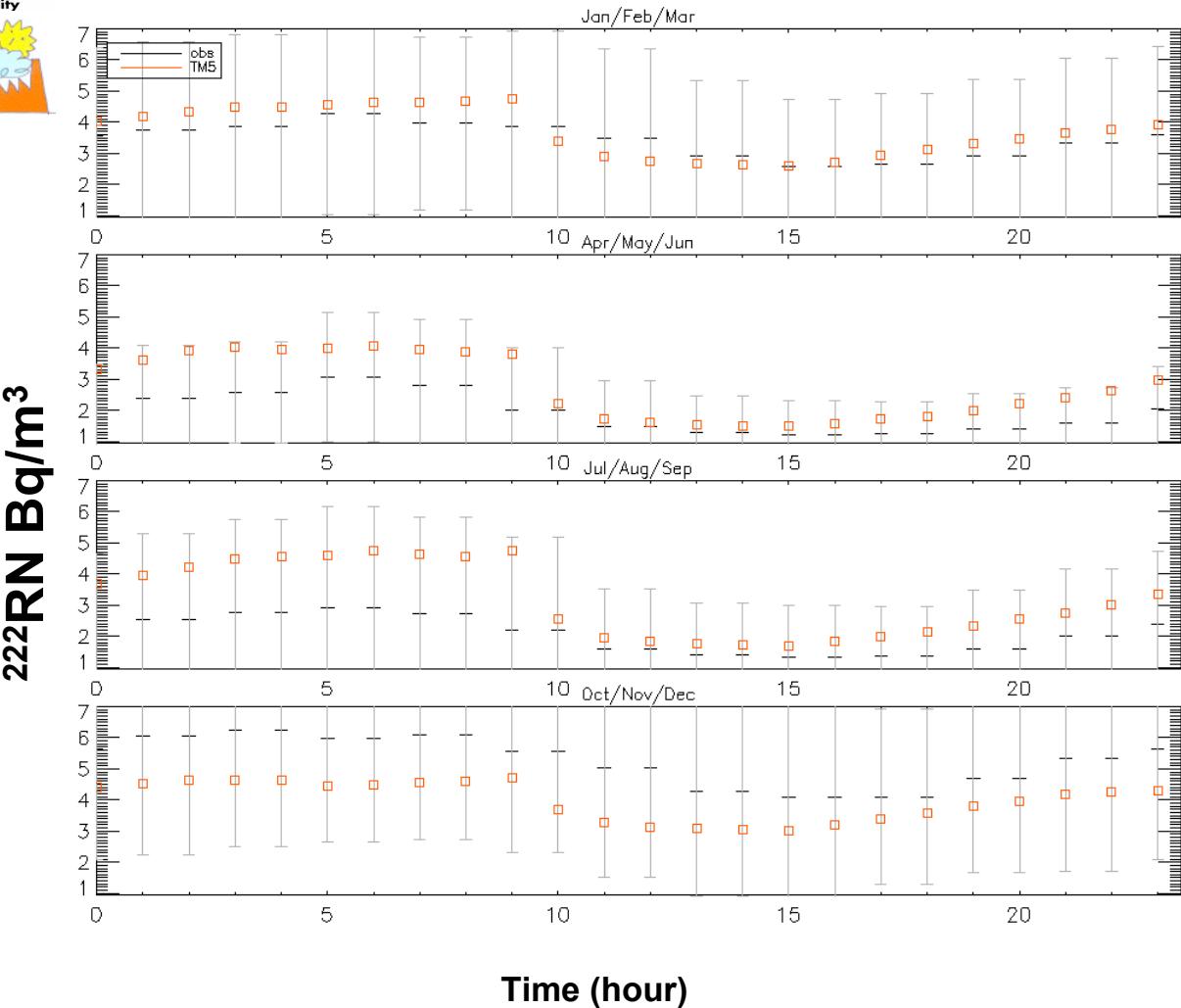


day 12-15 hh

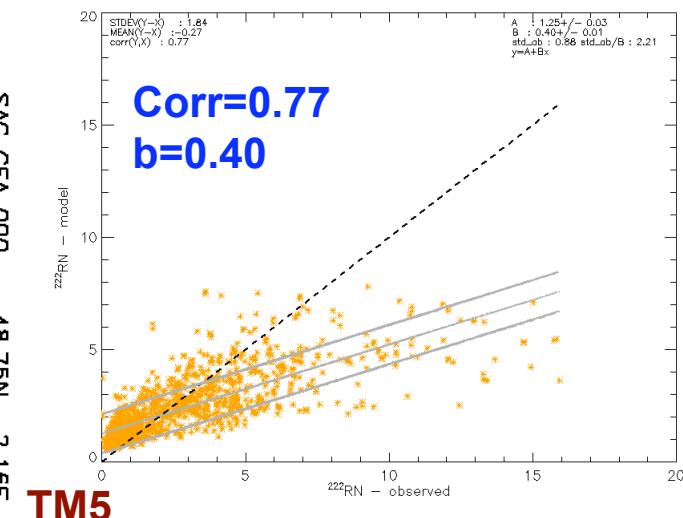


night 0-3 hh

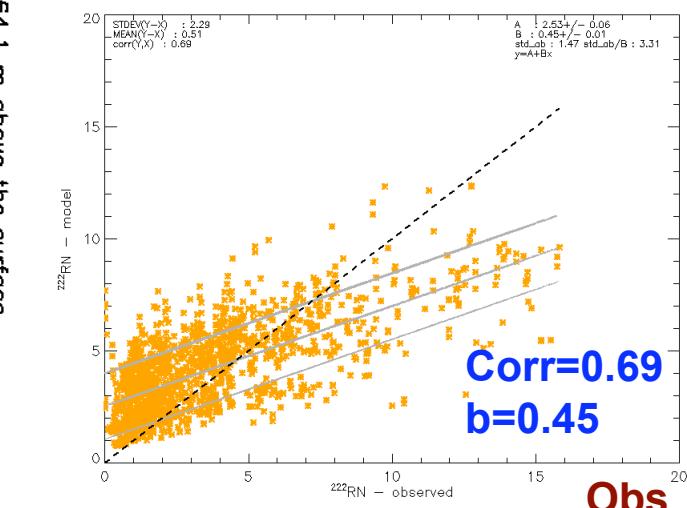
^{222}RN diurnal cycle



day 12-15 hh



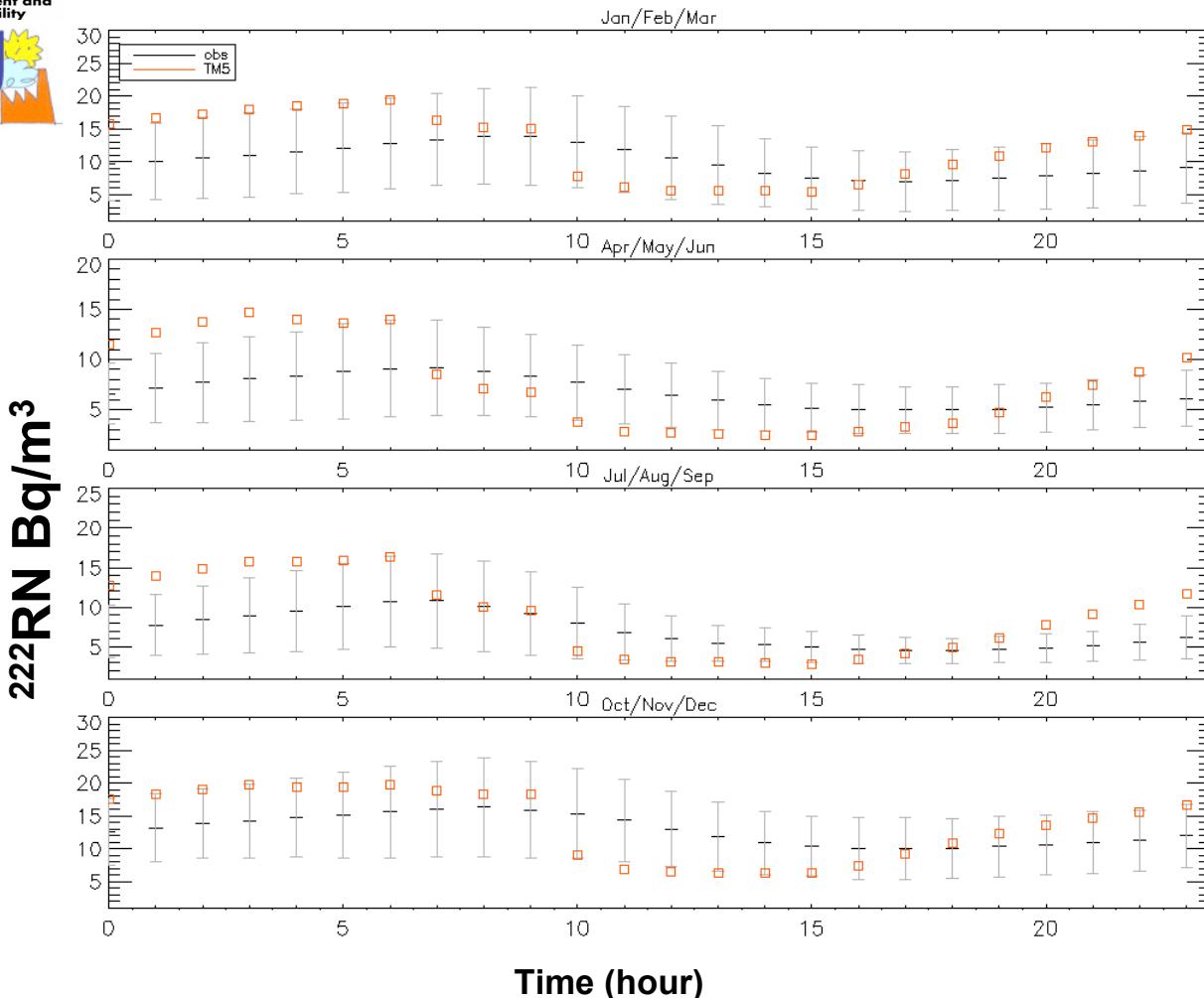
TM5



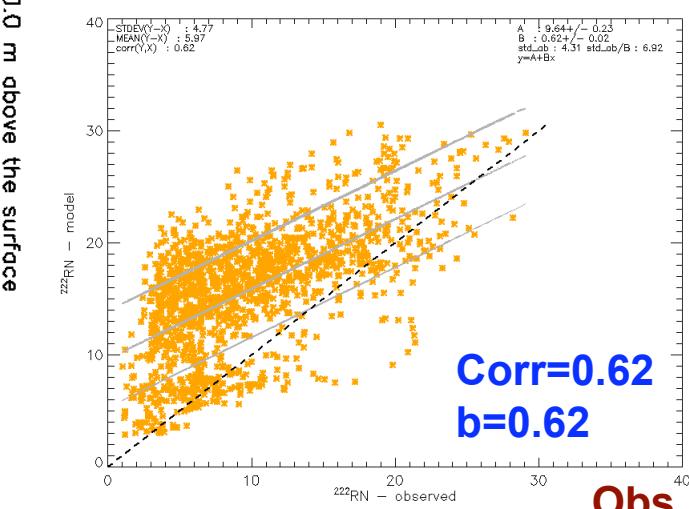
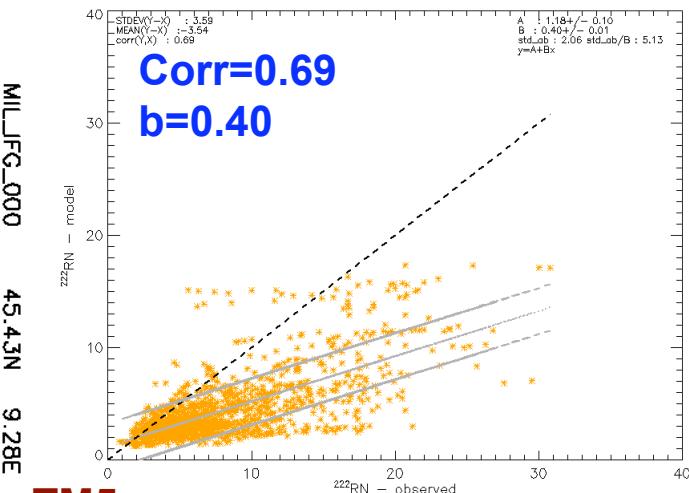
Obs

night 0-3 hh

²²²RN diurnal cycle

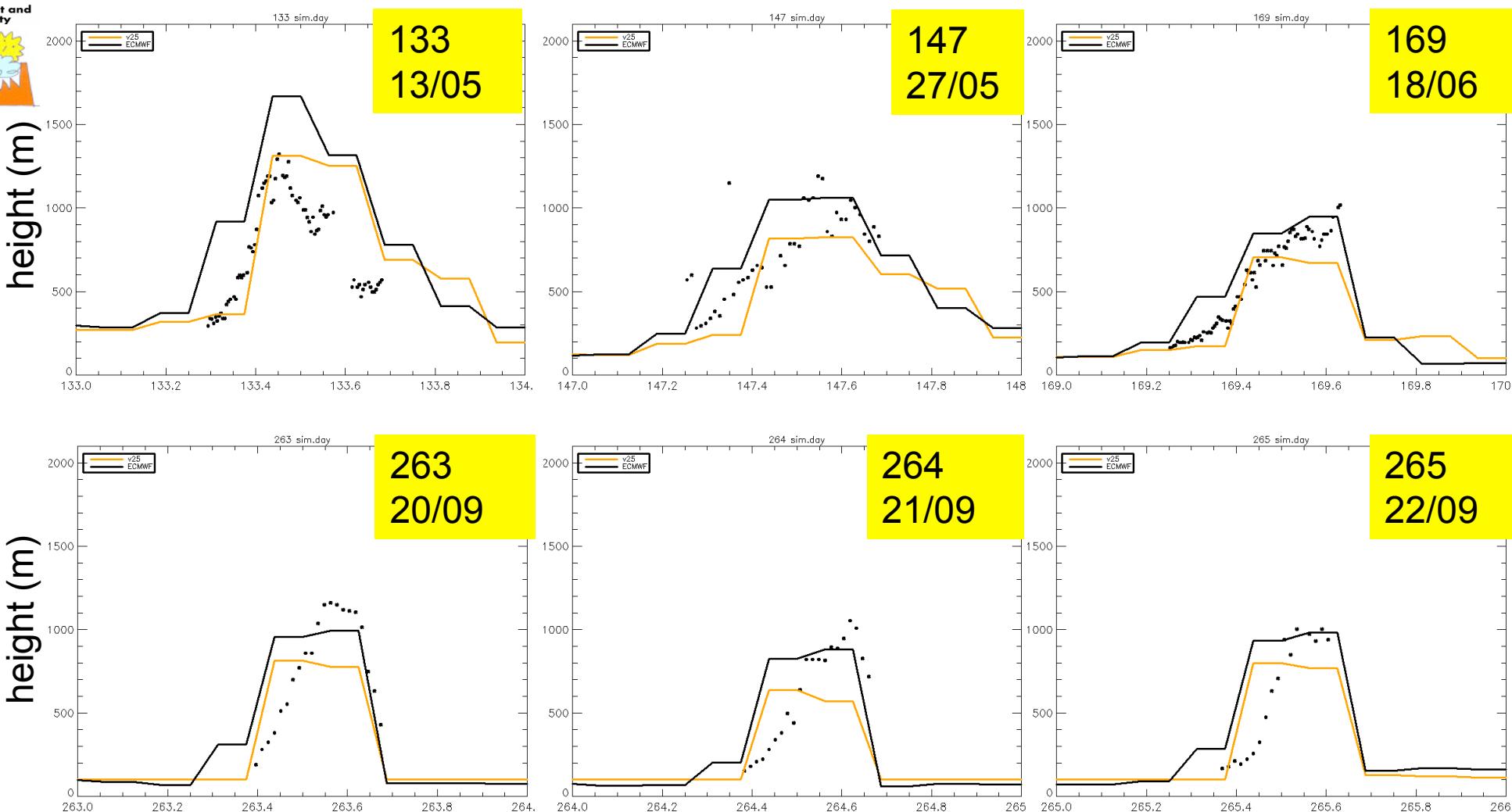


day 12-15 hh



night 0-3 hh

Simulated and observed BL at Cabauw



Year 2005 TM5 v25

TM5 radon simulations for the year 2005, TM5 v25

There are two new parameters:

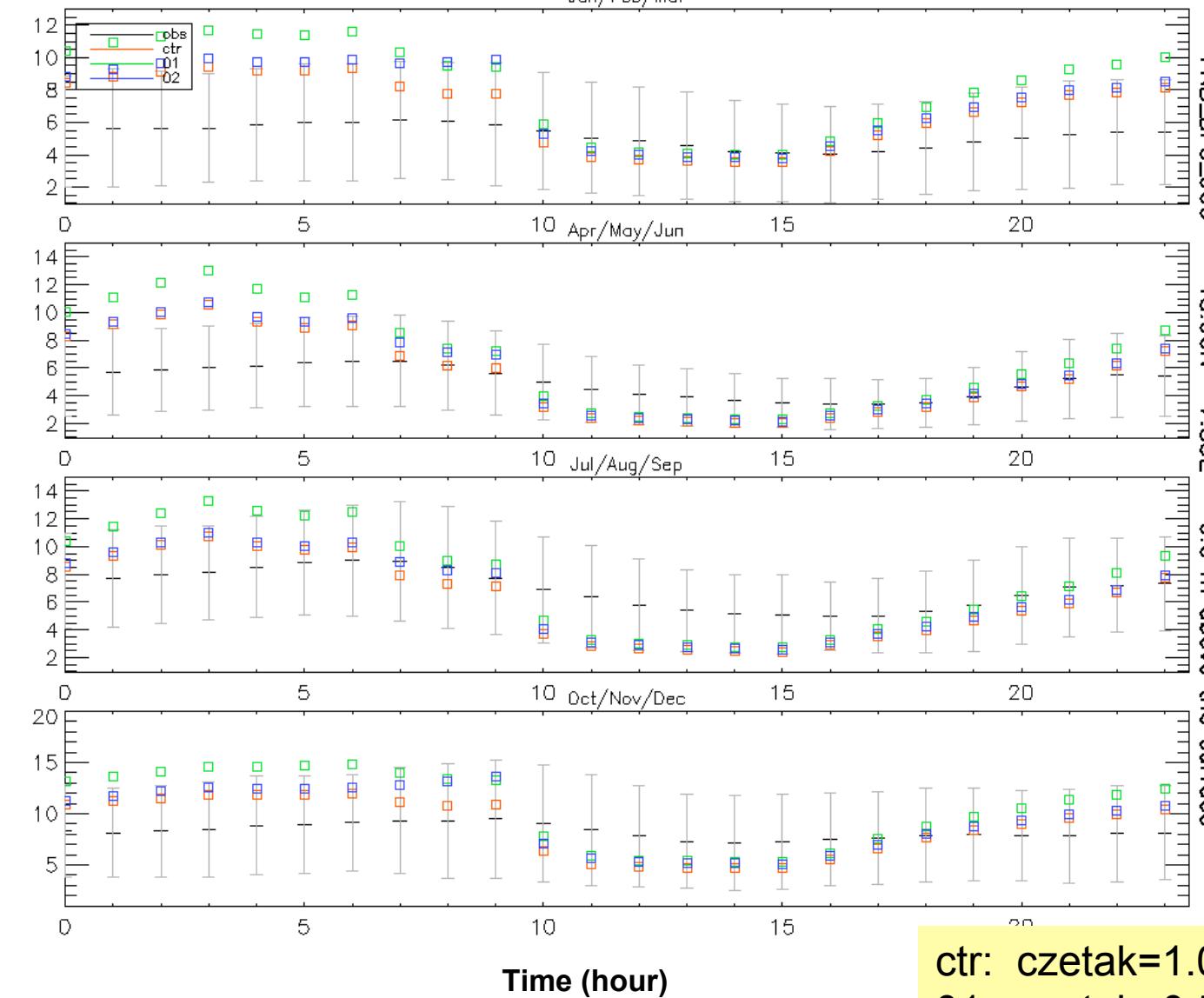
czetak: controls k-diffusion coefficients
(e.g. $K' = K * czetak$)

czeta_blh: controls PBL heights
(e.g. $BLH' = BLH * czeta_blh$)

Sensitivity tests:

ctr:	czetak=1.0	czeta_blh=1.0
01 :	czetak=0.5	czeta_blh=1.0
02 :	czetak=1.0	czeta_blh=0.8

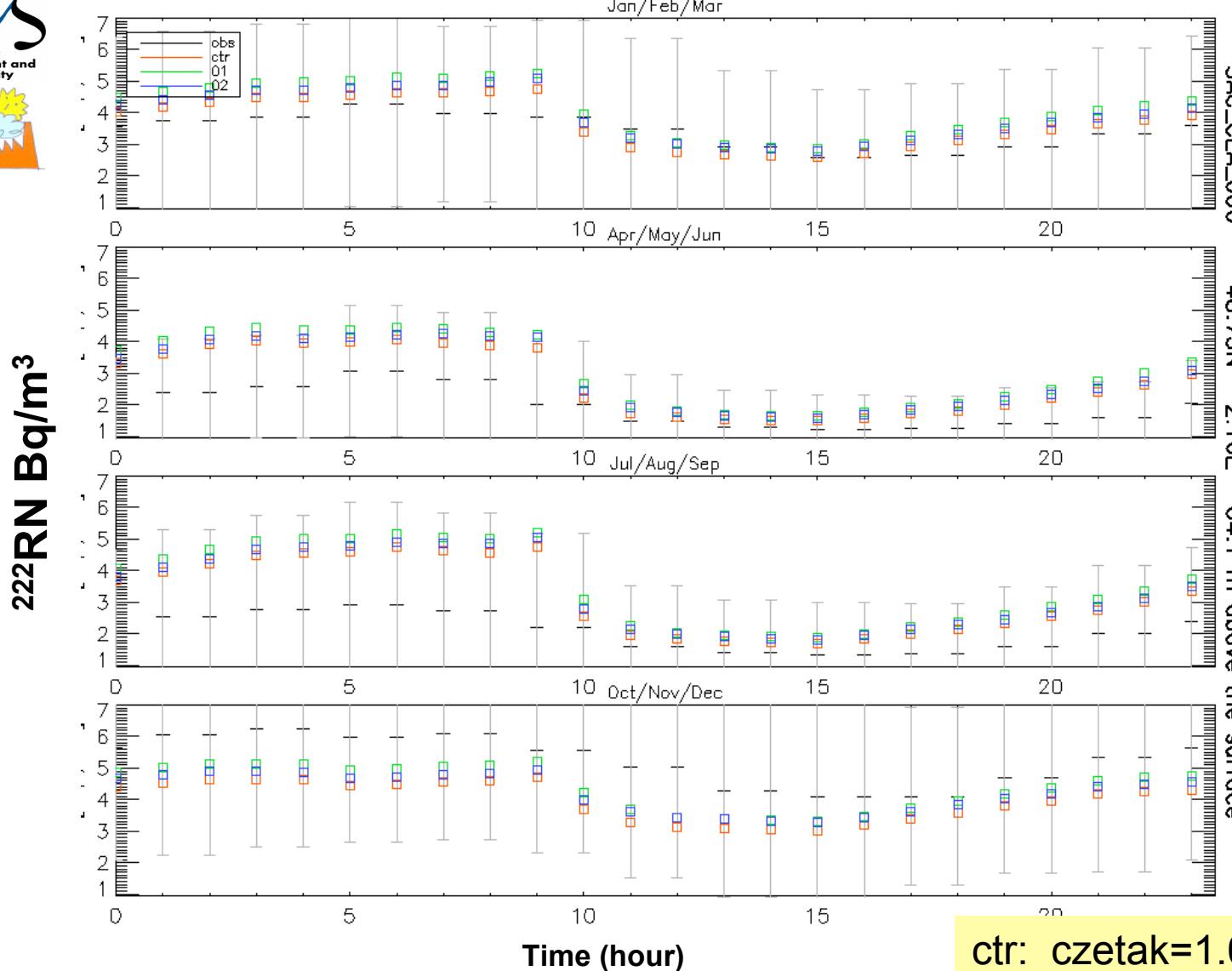
^{222}RN diurnal cycle



ctr:	czetak=1.0	czeta_blh=1.0
01 :	czetak=0.5	czeta_blh=1.0
02 :	czetak=1.0	czeta_blh=0.8

Diffusion Experiments: Saclay

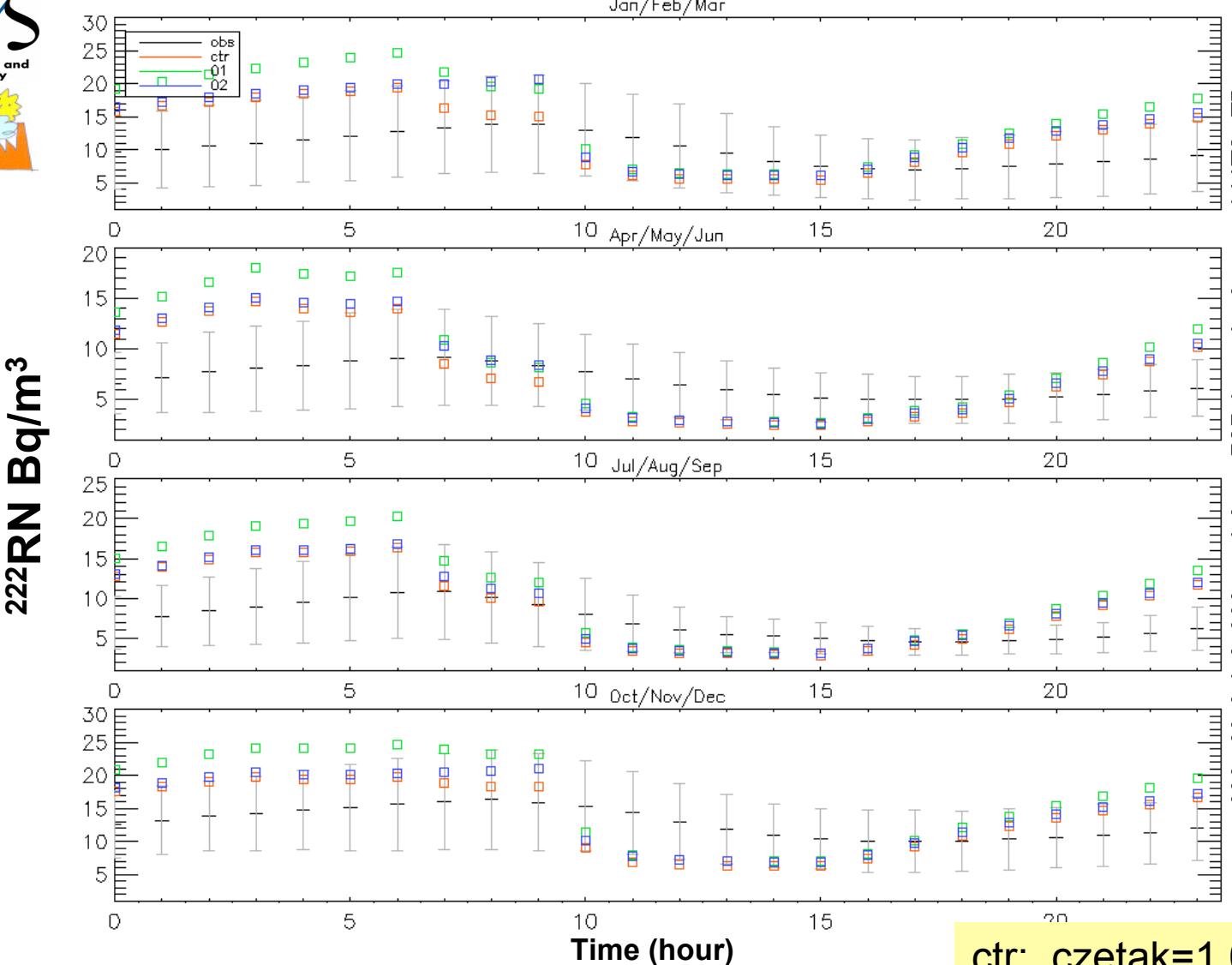
^{222}RN diurnal cycle



ctr: czetak=1.0	czeta_bh=1.0
01 : czetak=0.5	czeta_bh=1.0
02 : czetak=1.0	czeta_bh=0.8

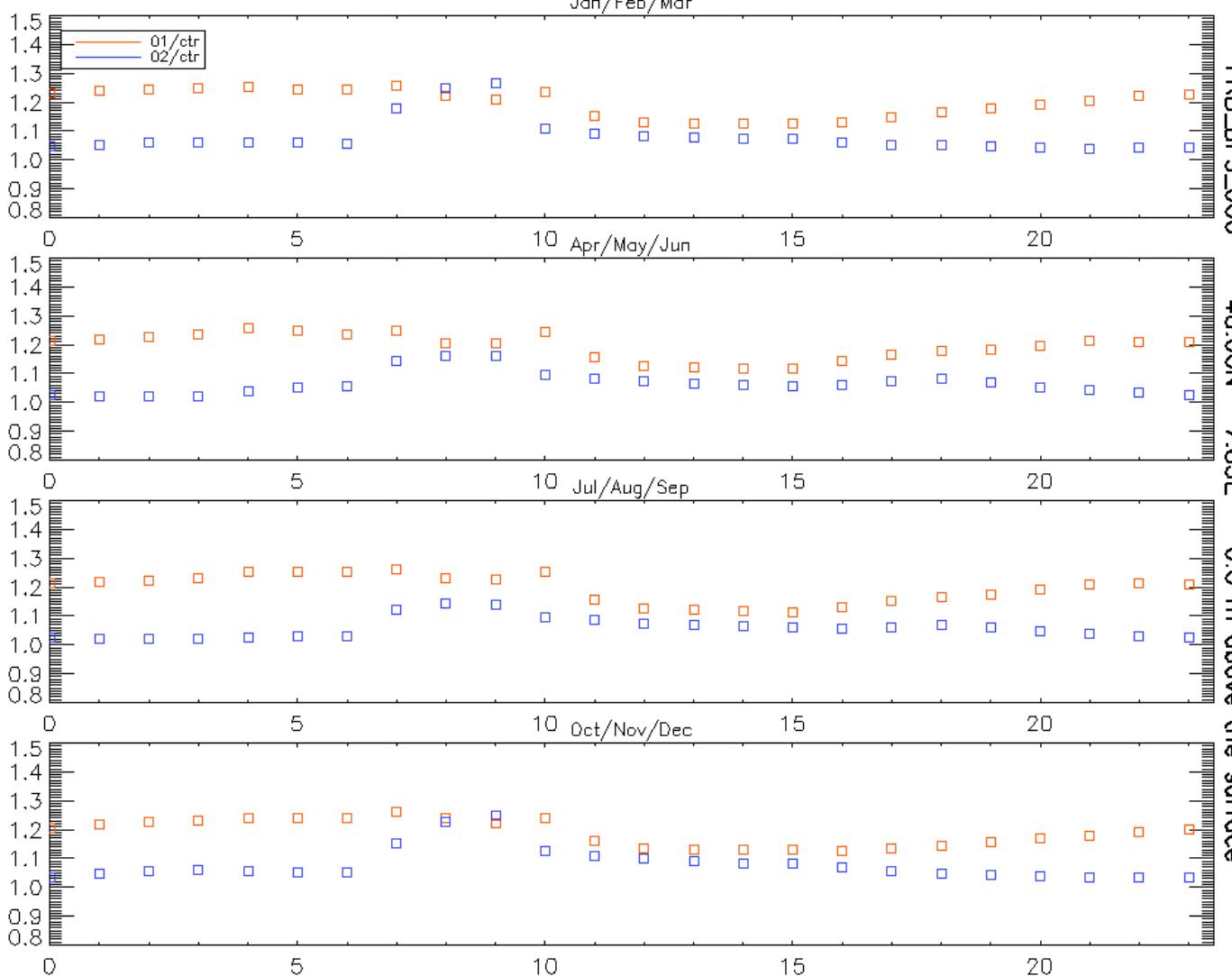
Diffusion Experiments: Milan

^{222}RN diurnal cycle

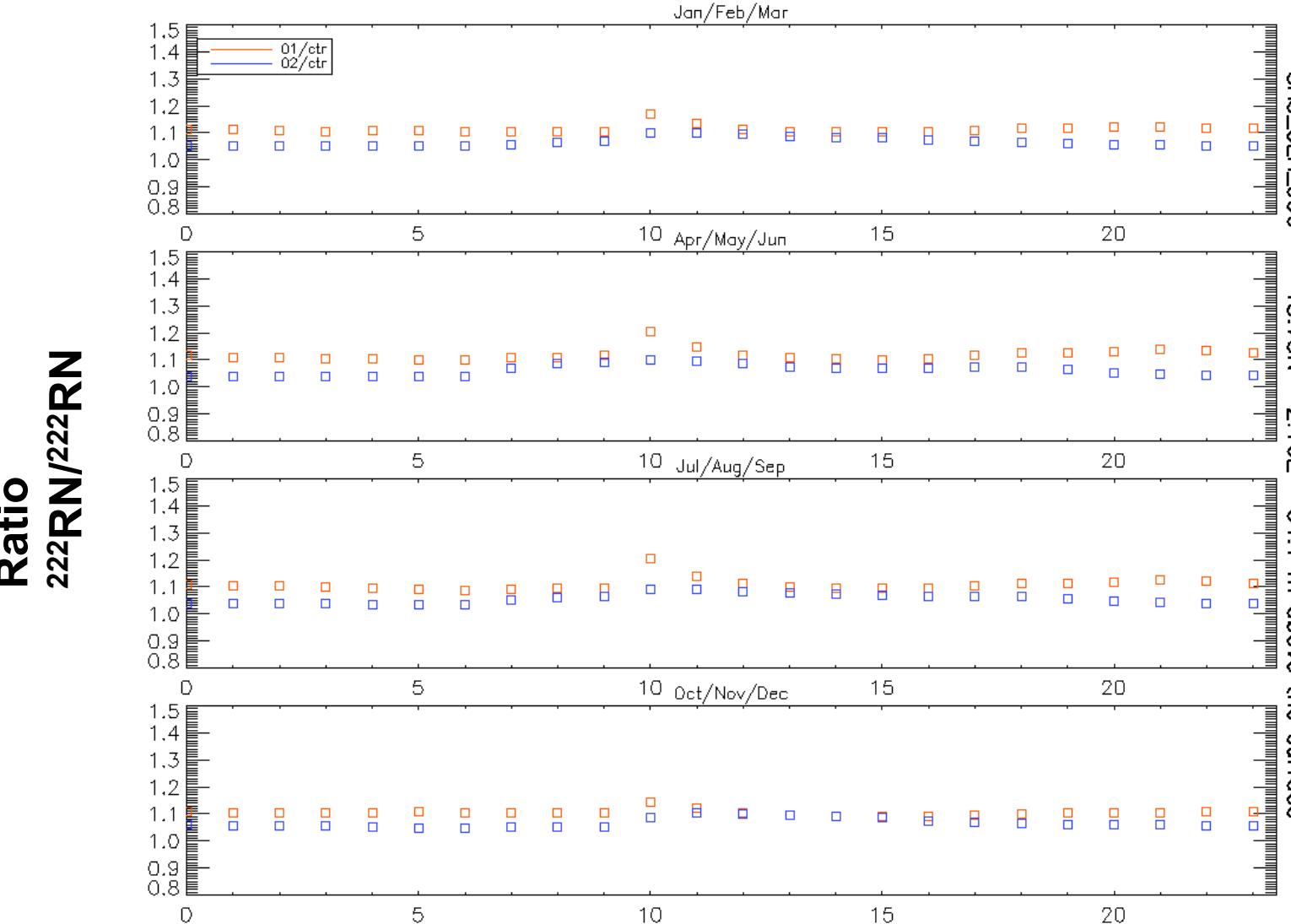


ctr: czetak=1.0	czeta_bh=1.0
01 : czetak=0.5	czeta_bh=1.0
02 : czetak=1.0	czeta_bh=0.8

Freiburg

Diffusion Experiments: ^{222}RN ratios

Saclay

Diffusion Experiments: ^{222}RN ratios

Conclusions:

^{222}RN Seasonal diurnal cycle from TM5

- >Generally underestimated values during daytime
 - emissions not adequately represented
 - sample locations too close to the surface
 - calibration issues
 - TM5 representation for diffusion and BL height

BLH studies:

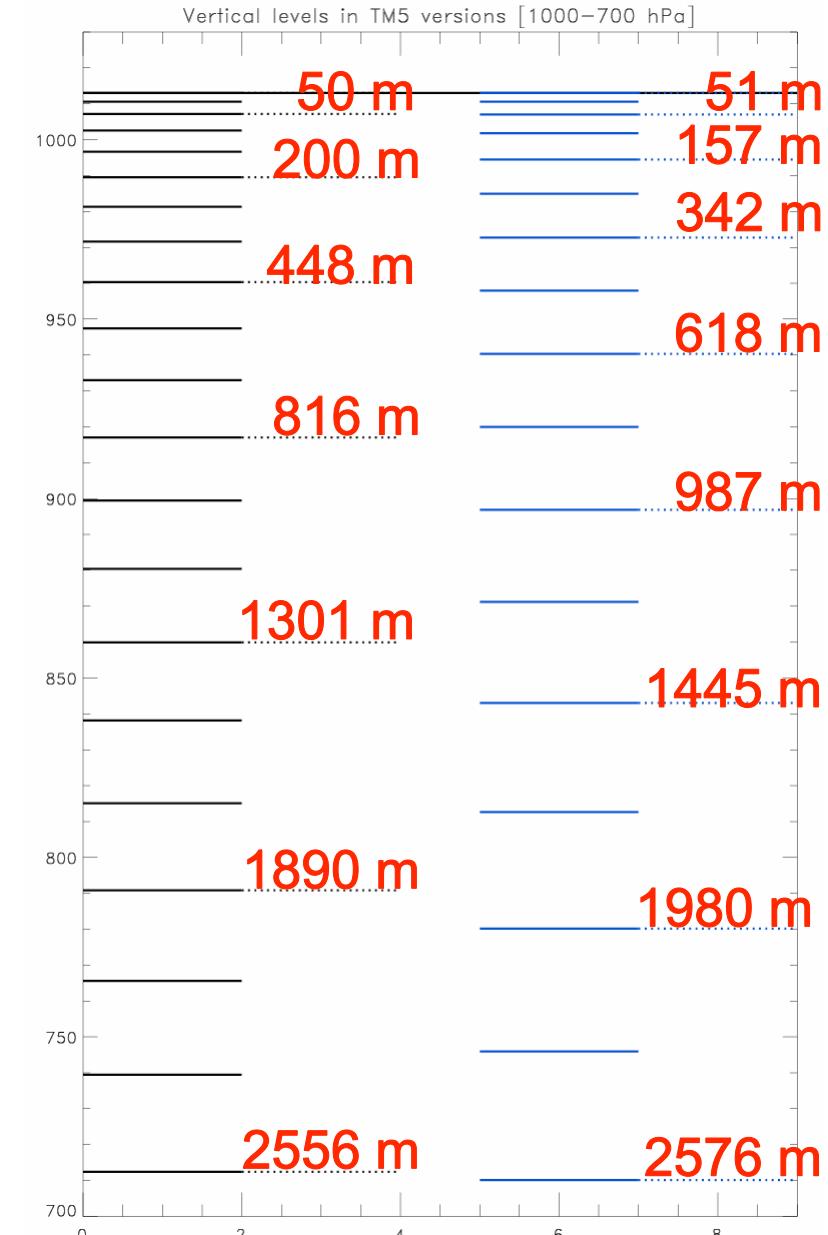
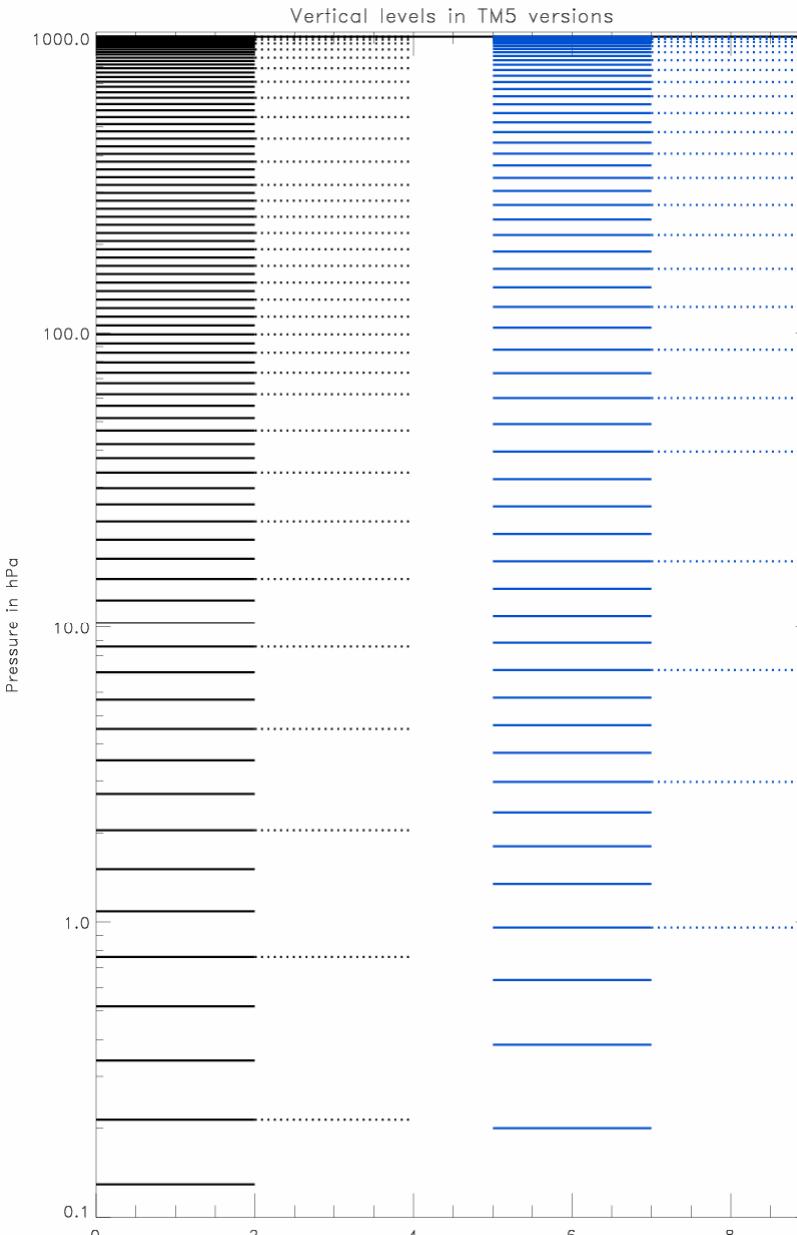
- BL from TM5 have uncertainties in agreement with results from the literature (Gerbig et al, 2007 ACP; Olivié et al, 2004)
- Biases are generally < 10%

Diffusion:

Sensitivity tests show significant differences in ^{222}RN (up to 20%) during nighttime and much less variation during daytime (less than 10%)

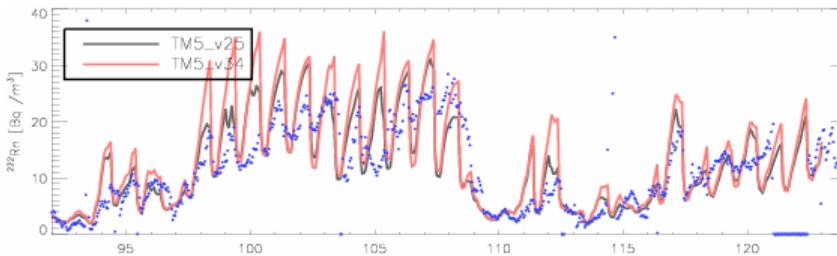
- > “agreement” with results from Olivié et al, 2004
- > indication to further look into Convection and diffusion processes

Solid line : grid heights for ECMWF levels
Dotted line: grid heights for TM5 levels

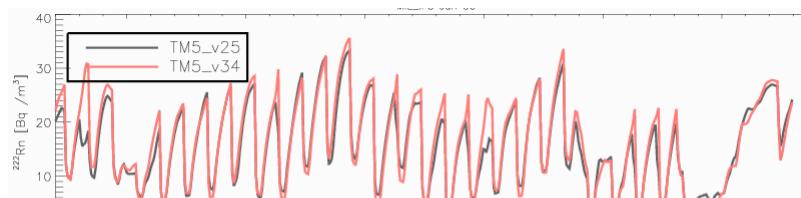


TM5: 25v versus 34v layers: January 2006

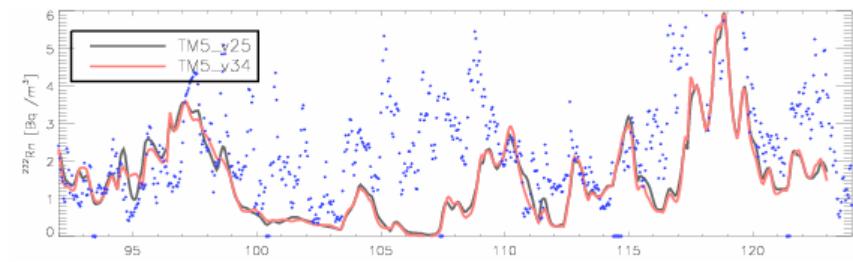
Freiburg (276m asl)

V25: 1st levelV34: 1st level

Milan (103m asl)

V25: 1st levelV34: 1st level

Schauinsland (1205m asl)

V25: 5th levelV34: 4th level

Puy de Dome (1465m asl)

V25: 5th levelV34: 5th level